



1 create a special district to be known as a sustainable energy financing district.

2 The governing authority of the local governmental subdivision shall be the  
3 governing authority for any district so created.

4 B. A sustainable energy financing district shall be created by ordinance  
5 or resolution of the governing authority. The ordinance or resolution shall  
6 provide that the area of the district shall consist of that immovable property  
7 located within the local governmental subdivision whose owners have agreed or  
8 agree to participate in the district. The area of the district may or may not be  
9 contiguous and may be modified for the purposes of this Subpart.

10 C. A sustainable energy financing district shall include only residential  
11 or commercial immovable property for which the owner has executed a contract  
12 or agreement consenting to the inclusion of such property within the district in  
13 return for a loan from the district and a cooperative endeavor agreement with  
14 the district in accordance with the provisions of this Subpart. The consent of the  
15 owner may be given before or after the initial creation of the district.

16 D. The purpose of the sustainable energy financing district shall be to  
17 encourage, accommodate, and provide a source of revenue and means for  
18 financing capital improvements for energy efficiency improvements, such as  
19 retrofitting and the installation of renewable energy improvements, such as  
20 fixtures for immovable property within the district, whether such immovable  
21 property is commercial or residential.

22 §130.791. Financing for projects

23 A. The local governmental subdivision creating a district may incur debt  
24 for the purpose of providing to such district sufficient funds to make the loans  
25 provided for in this program.

26 B. The owner of residential or commercial immovable property within  
27 the district may request financing in the form of a loan from the district to  
28 cover the costs of energy efficiency improvements or renewable energy  
29 improvements that the owner contracts to make to the immovable property.

1 Such financing shall include interest rates and administrative fees as  
2 determined by the district. The district shall accept or reject the request  
3 according to criteria established by the district and make such loan upon terms  
4 and conditions that shall be set forth in the ordinance or resolution. However,  
5 the term for repayment of a loan, together with interest rates and  
6 administrative fees, shall not exceed twenty years.

7 B.(1) If agreed by the district, the amount of the loan including interest  
8 rates and administrative fees shall be assessed against the immovable property  
9 upon which the improvements are placed and shall be collected in the same  
10 manner as is provided for the ad valorem taxes assessed on the property by the  
11 local governmental subdivision creating the district.

12 (2) The district may enter into any necessary agreement with the sheriff  
13 or other local ad valorem property tax collector for assessing and collecting the  
14 assessment provided for in this Subsection, including provisions for reimbursing  
15 the sheriff or other collector for the cost of such assessment and collection.

16 (3) Upon failure of the property owner to pay the assessment within  
17 thirty days of receipt, the local governmental subdivision may file a certified  
18 copy of said charges with the recorder of mortgages, and the same, when so filed  
19 and recorded, shall operate as a lien and privilege in favor of the local  
20 governmental subdivision and district. Such lien and privilege shall have the  
21 same ranking as an ad valorem tax lien on immovable property as provided in  
22 R.S. 9:4821(1), and may be enforced and collected by ordinary civil proceeding  
23 or enforced and collected as any ordinary property tax lien assessed against the  
24 property and collected in the manner fixed for collection of tax and subject to  
25 the same civil penalties for delinquencies, together with attorneys' fees and costs  
26 incurred in notification to the owner and the enforcement and collection of the  
27 amounts owed.

28 §130.792. Powers of district and local governmental subdivision

29 A. The local governmental subdivision and the sustainable energy

1 financing district shall have all of the rights and powers necessary to carry out  
2 and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this Subpart, including but not  
3 limited to:

4 (1) To provide financing to the owners of residential and commercial  
5 property within the district as authorized for the purposes of this Subpart.

6 (2) To establish terms, conditions, procedures, requirements, and  
7 programs to effectuate the provisions of this Subpart.

8 (3) To make and execute contracts and other instruments necessary in  
9 the exercise of the powers and functions of the district under this Subpart,  
10 including contracts with persons, firms, corporations, and others.

11 (4) To borrow money and issue bonds or obligations, and to pay for such  
12 bonds from assessments against property levied pursuant to this Subpart.

13 (5) To pledge or assign any monies, fees, charges, or other revenues and  
14 any proceeds derived by the district from the sale of bonds and other contracts  
15 or rights of the district.

16 (6) To apply and contract for assistance from the United States or other  
17 public or private sources, whether in the form of a grant, guarantee, loan, or  
18 otherwise, or to serve and act in such capacities when necessary or desirable to  
19 apply for and accept such grants, guarantees, subsidies, loans, or other  
20 assistance.

21 (7) To receive, administer, and comply with the conditions and  
22 requirements respecting any gift, grant, guarantee, subsidy, or donation of any  
23 property or money.

24 (8) To exercise any and all other powers necessary to accomplish the  
25 purposes of this Subpart.

26 B. The powers and rights conferred by this Subpart shall be deemed to  
27 provide an additional and alternative method for the doing of the things  
28 authorized thereby and shall be regarded as supplemental and additional to  
29 powers conferred by other general laws and shall not be regarded as in

1 derogation of any powers now existing. The provisions of this Subpart shall be  
2 liberally construed for the accomplishment of its purposes.

3 §130.793. Definitions

4 As used in this Subpart:

5 (1) "Energy efficiency improvement" means an installation or  
6 modification that is designed to reduce energy consumption in residential or  
7 commercial buildings, and includes, but is not limited to, the following:

8 (a) Insulation in walls, roofs, floors, and foundations and in heating and  
9 cooling distribution systems.

10 (b) Storm windows and doors, multiglazed windows and doors, heat-  
11 absorbing or heat-reflective glazed and coated window and door systems,  
12 additional glazing, reductions in glass area, and other window and door system  
13 modifications that reduce energy consumption.

14 (c) Automatic energy control systems.

15 (d) Heating, ventilating, or air conditioning and distribution system  
16 modification or replacements in buildings or central plants.

17 (e) Caulking and weatherstripping.

18 (f) Replacement or modification of lighting fixtures to increase the  
19 energy efficiency of the system without increasing the overall illumination of a  
20 residential or commercial building unless such increase in illumination is  
21 necessary to conform to the applicable building code for the proposed lighting  
22 system.

23 (g) Energy recovery systems.

24 (h) Daylighting systems.

25 (i) Any other modification, installation, or remodeling authorized as a  
26 utility cost-savings measure.

27 (2) "Renewable energy improvement" means any fixture, product,  
28 system, device, or interacting group of devices installed behind the meter of any  
29 residential or commercial building that produces energy from renewable

1            **resources, including but not limited to, photovoltaic systems, solar thermal**  
 2            **systems, small wind systems, biomass systems, or geothermal systems, as may**  
 3            **be authorized, except that it shall not include a renewable energy improvement**  
 4            **that interferes with a right held by a public utility regulated by the Public**  
 5            **Service Commission.**

6            **(3) "Project" means a capital improvement to existing residential,**  
 7            **commercial, or industrial structures to retrofit such structures for significant**  
 8            **energy savings or installation of solar or other alternative electrical energy-**  
 9            **producing improvements to serve that structure or other structures on**  
 10           **contiguous property under common ownership.**

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The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Jerry G. Jones.

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#### DIGEST

Proposed law authorizes the creation of a special district to be known as sustainable energy financing district by the governing authority of any local governmental subdivision that is otherwise authorized to collect property taxes and to issue and sell bonds. Provides that the governing authority of the local governmental subdivision shall be the governing authority for any district so created.

Proposed law provides that the district shall be created by ordinance or resolution of the governing authority. Such ordinance or resolution shall provide that the area of the district shall consist of that immovable property located within the local governmental subdivision whose owners have agreed or agree to participate in the district. The area of the district may or may not be contiguous and may be modified for the purposes of the proposed law.

Proposed law provides that a sustainable energy financing district shall include only residential or commercial immovable property for which the owner has executed a contract or agreement consenting to the inclusion of such property within the district in return for a loan from the district and a cooperative endeavor agreement with the district. The consent of the owner may be given before or after the initial creation of the district.

Proposed law provides the purpose of the sustainable energy financing district shall be to encourage, accommodate, and provide a source of revenue and means for financing capital improvements for energy efficiency improvements, such as retrofitting and the installation of renewable energy improvements such as fixtures for immovable property within the district, whether such immovable property is commercial or residential.

Proposed law provides the local governmental subdivision creating such district may incur debt for the purpose of providing to such district sufficient funds to make the loans provided for in the proposed law.

Proposed law further provides that the owner of residential or commercial immovable property within the district may request financing in the form of a loan from the district to cover the costs of energy efficiency improvements or renewable energy improvements that the owner contracts to make to the immovable property. Such financing shall include interest

rates and administrative fees as determined by the district.

Proposed law provides that the district shall accept or reject the request according to criteria established by the district and make such loan upon terms and conditions that shall be set forth in the ordinance or resolution. However, the term for repayment of a loan, together with interest rates and administrative fees, shall not exceed 20 years.

Proposed law further provides that if agreed by the district, the amount of the loan including interest rates and administrative fees shall be assessed against the immovable property upon which the improvements are placed and shall be collected in the same manner as is provided for the ad valorem taxes assessed on the property by the local governmental subdivision creating the district. Provides that the district may enter into any necessary agreement with the sheriff or other local ad valorem property tax collector for assessing and collecting the assessment, including provisions for reimbursing the sheriff or other collector for the cost of such assessment and collection.

Proposed law further provides that upon failure of the property owner to pay the assessment within 30 days of receipt, the local governmental subdivision may file a certified copy of said charges with the recorder of mortgages, and the same, when so filed and recorded, shall operate as a lien and privilege in favor of the local governmental subdivision and district. Such lien and privilege shall have the same ranking as an ad valorem tax lien on immovable property, and may be enforced and collected by ordinary civil proceeding or enforced and collected as any ordinary property tax lien assessed against the property and collected in the manner fixed for collection of tax and subject to the same civil penalties for delinquencies, together with attorneys' fees and costs incurred in notification to the owner and the enforcement and collection of the amounts owed.

Proposed law provides for the powers of the district and local governmental subdivision, including:

- (1) To provide financing to the owners of residential and commercial property within the district.
- (2) To establish terms, conditions, procedures, requirements, and programs to effectuate the provisions of the proposed law.
- (3) To make and execute contracts and other instruments necessary in the exercise of the powers and functions of the district, including contracts with persons, firms, corporations, and others.
- (4) To borrow money and issue bonds or obligations, and to pay for such bonds from assessments against property levied pursuant to the proposed law.
- (5) To pledge or assign any monies, fees, charges, or other revenues and any proceeds derived by the district from the sale of bonds and other contracts or rights of the district.
- (6) To apply and contract for assistance from the United States or other public or private sources, whether in the form of a grant, guarantee, loan, or otherwise, or to serve and act in such capacities when necessary or desirable to apply for and accept such grants, guarantees, subsidies, loans, or other assistance.
- (7) To receive, administer, and comply with the conditions and requirements respecting any gift, grant, guarantee, subsidy, or donation of any property or money.
- (8) To exercise any and all other powers necessary to accomplish the purposes of the proposed law.

Proposed law provides definitions:

- (1) "Energy efficiency improvement" means an installation or modification that is designed to reduce energy consumption in residential or commercial buildings, and includes, but is not limited to, the following:
  - (a) Insulation in walls, roofs, floors, and foundations and in heating and cooling distribution systems.
  - (b) Storm windows and doors, multiglazed windows and doors, heat-absorbing or heat-reflective glazed and coated window and door systems, additional glazing, reductions in glass area, and other window and door system modifications that reduce energy consumption.
  - (c) Automatic energy control systems.
  - (d) Heating, ventilating, or air conditioning and distribution system modification or replacements in buildings or central plants.
  - (e) Caulking and weatherstripping.
  - (f) Replacement or modification of lighting fixtures to increase the energy efficiency of the system without increasing the overall illumination of a residential or commercial building unless such increase in illumination is necessary to conform to the applicable building code for the proposed lighting system.
  - (g) Energy recovery systems.
  - (h) Daylighting systems.
  - (i) Any other modification, installation, or remodeling authorized as a utility cost-savings measure.
- (2) "Renewable energy improvement" means any fixture, product, system, device, or interacting group of devices installed behind the meter of any residential or commercial building that produces energy from renewable resources, including, but not limited to, photovoltaic systems, solar thermal systems, small wind systems, biomass systems, or geothermal systems, as may be authorized, except that it shall not include a renewable energy improvement that interferes with a right held by a public utility regulated by the Public Service Commission.
- (3) "Project" means a capital improvement to existing residential, commercial, or industrial structures to retrofit such structures for significant energy savings or installation of solar or other alternative electrical energy-producing improvements to serve that structure or other structures on contiguous property under common ownership.

Effective August 15, 2009.

(Adds R.S. 33:130.790 - 130.793)